



## Cybersecurity Compliance Guidance for Private Equity

BY CHRIS DEMICHAEL

Managing Director, RKON PE Services

### A New World for PE

The passing of the Dodd-Frank Act on March 30, 2012 exposed all private fund advisors and Private Equity Funds to the Advisor Act of 1940 and the subsequent Compliance Program Rule 206(4)-7. The Presence Exams initiated by the OCIE and ensuing actions taken against firms by the SEC sent a clear message that compliance in Private Equity is a real risk and needs to be taken seriously.

### CyberSecurity Compliance & Technology Controls: A New Requirement for PE

While the general compliance guidelines provided by the SEC are well within the experience of most firms to implement and execute, cybersecurity and IT controls is one area firms struggle to execute with confidence. Private Equity is learning what other regulated industries have discovered, which is that there is a lack of clarity on what needs to be done to be compliant. The integrity of and access to data is the cornerstone of most compliance standards. However, the technology, processes, and controls needed to achieve that standard continuously evolve based on the evolution of technology and the threat landscape.

### Portfolio Company Compliance: A Trend Towards Centralization?

In addition to internal controls, PE firms are finding portfolio company level compliance a major source of risk as standards like PCI, HITRUST, and vendor auditing become critical even in mid-size organizations. The challenge is that portfolio companies in the mid-market often lack the economies of scale and expertise to execute an effective and efficient compliance strategy. This inexperience leads to EBIDTA impacting overspend or suffering from the negative valuation impact of poor audit results that get uncovered during exit due diligence or pre-IPO. In the worse case scenario, portfolio companies overspend and still fall short of compliance standards.



### Without Clear Guidance, PE is Accountable

To make matters worse, it is clear that the SEC, based on varying alerts and statements, has yet to introduce actionable cybersecurity compliance guidance beyond the broad areas defined below:

- The accurate creation of required records and their maintenance in a manner that secures them from unauthorized alteration or use and protects them from untimely destruction;
- Safeguards for the privacy protection of client records and information; and
- Business continuity plans

To fulfill these broad requirements, CCO's are left with broad unanswered questions:

- What processes need to be put in place?
- What tools do I need to buy?
- Do I hire or outsource?
- How much should I budget?

### Consider the following results from a Private Equity survey on cybersecurity:

**78%**  
believe cybersecurity is not analyzed or specifically quantified as part of the M&A process.

**83%**  
of businesses say a deal could be abandoned if previous cybersecurity breaches were identified.

**90%**  
say a cybersecurity breach could reduce the value of a deal.



